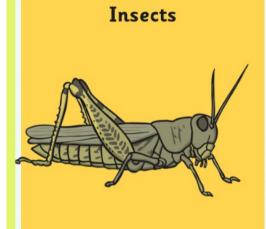
Classifying Invertebrates



There are over 800 000 different types of insects.

They have an exoskeleton covering their body.

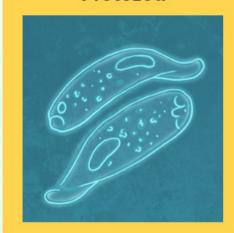
The body consists of 3 parts: the head, thorax and abdomen.

They must shed their exoskeleton in order to grow.

They have a pair of antennae on their head.

Classifying Invertebrates

Protozoa



They eat tiny algae and bacteria.

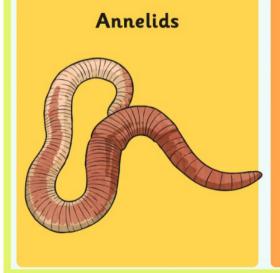
They can only be seen under a microscope.

They are simple, singlecelled animals.

They are a source of food for fish and other animals.

They reproduce by splitting in half.

Classifying Invertebrates



They have existed for over 120 million years.

There are over 9,000 species, including worms and leeches.

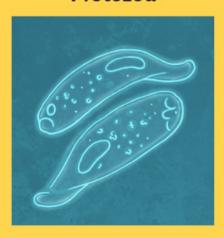
They have bodies divided into segments.

They don't have any limbs.

Some have long bristles; others have shorter bristles and seem smooth.

Classifying Invertebrates

Protozoa



They eat tiny algae and bacteria.

They can only be seen under a microscope.

They are simple, single-celled animals.

They are a source of food for fish and other animals.

They reproduce by splitting in half.